COLLECTION OF ONION- AND LEEK- GENOTYPES
IN THE NETHERLANDS

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INSTITUUT VOOR DE VEREDELING VAN TUINBOUWGEWASSEN

WAGENINGEN

Contents

		Page
1	Introduction	1
2	Collection in the Netherlands	1
3	Results of Collection	2
4	Preliminary Storage	2
5	Determination of Germination Percentage	3
6	Preliminary Accession to the Gene Bank	3
7	Duplicates	3
8	Verification	4
9	Definitive Accession	4
10	IVT Allium Gene Bank Lists	4
11	Restricted Release of Seed Samples	4
12	Multiplication Criteria	4
	Annex I : Request to Seed Firms	
	Annex II: Results of Collection	
	Annex III: Form for Collection Data and Accession Data	
	Annex IV : IBPGR Collection Form	

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1. INTRODUCTION

An International Allium Gene Bank has been founded by writing and publishing, in 1982, of the IBGPGR Status Report: 'Genetic Resources of Allium Species', written by D. Astley (NVRS, Wellesbourne, VK) N.L. Innes (idem) and Q.P. van der Meer (IVT, Wageningen, the Netherlands).

The collection of Allium in the Netherlands was financed, as a consulting job, by the European Cooperative Program (ECP). This collection was built up during 1982 (October, November, December) and 1983 (January). Ing. J.L. van Bennekom was responsible for the execution of the job.

2. COLLECTION IN THE NETHERLANDS

Before starting the actual job it was decided that both old and current varieties of onions and leeks would be collected. Current varieties are collected because in the Netherlands replacement of onion and leekvarieties is a fast going process. An extra argument for their collection is their indispensability for determining the progress made by new varieties in the future. The best determination of such progress seems to be the comparison of old and current top varieties in one field trial.

Collection was mainly done by contacting Seed Firms. The action was announced by sending a letter informing people of the founding of an International Allium Gene Bank and inviting their cooperation (Annex 1).

About 10 days were spent visiting the Firms, as enlisted in Annex II, column 1. These addresses were contacted by telephone and an appointment was made for a visit some days or weeks later on. Mostly the seed samples had already been prepared in advance. So the most

important job was to meet the person in charge of onion and/or leek breeding and to ask him the questions in respect of collection data as given in the Allium Resources Report (pages 26-28). Some extra questions cropping up during collection were added in handwriting. The questions to be answered during the visit were indicated by a dot (Annex III).

After collection of the samples from the Seed Firms a number of samples were taken from the IVT working collection of onions and leeks.

Finally the seed catalogues of the visited Firms were screened for varieties possibly skipped during the collection visits.

A special point is the avoidance of doubles and of other accessions of insufficient value for the gene bank. To this end a card-index was composed. This was sufficient for Rijnsburger strains but not for entries of more or less foreign varieties as Stuttgarter, Wolska and Zittauer. In respect of these varieties the information (about their origin) from the Seed Firms is important, but in addition verification (see paragraph 8) is of essential value.

3. RESULTS OF COLLECTION

Information on the collected samples is given in Annex II:

- Donors

- Names: column 2

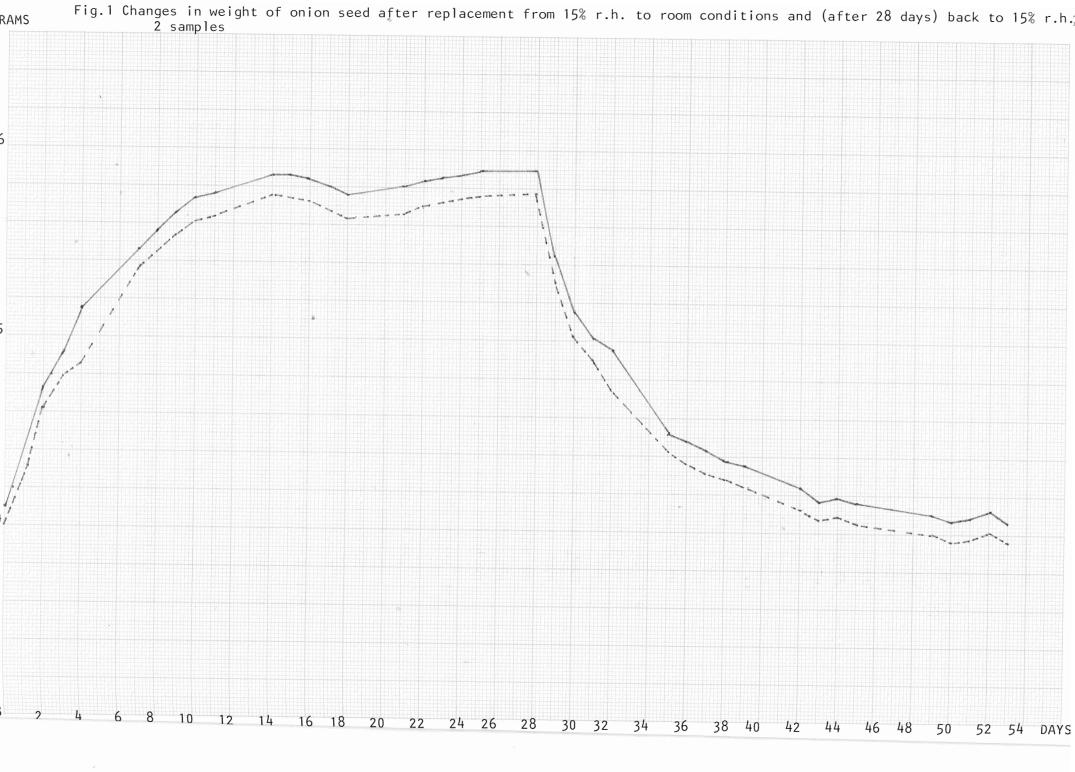
- Origins: column 3

- Weights: column 4

4. PRELIMINARY STORAGE

The samples were placed at a temperature of about 15°C and a relative humidity of about 15% as soon as possible after collection. To learn the required time period for adaptation to these environmental conditions the following trial was made: Seed samples of about 50 g each were put into standard cups (upper diameter: 7 cm; bottom diameter: 4,5 cm; height: 8,5 cm) and adapted to room conditions (temperatures between 10 and 20°C ; relative humidies between 50 and 70%), whereupon they were placed under preliminary storage conditions. Adaptation to these conditions needed about 4 weeks (fig. 1). Therefore all seed samples were kept in preliminary storage during at least 4 weeks. Seed samples of insuf-

ficient weight and (or) insufficient germination percentage (paragraph



6.1) are kept at these conditions until their multiplication.

5. DETERMINATION OF THE GERMINATION PERCENTAGE

This determination was done on 2 \times 50 seeds following the ISTA instructions. The results are given in Annex II, column 5.

6. PRELIMINARY ACCESSION TO THE GENE BANK

6.1. Criteria for weight and germination capacity

Arbitrary decisions were made in respect of these criteria:

- 45 grams is considered as the ideal quantity and 30 grams as the minimum quantity for accession.
- The minimum germination percentage for accession was fixed on 50.

6.2. Accession data

Accession data forms in respect of seed samples being considered for preliminary accession were completed as far as possible. Also to these forms (see Genetic Resources of Allium species pages 25-26) some relevant questions were added in handwriting (AnnexIII). At the same time the standard collection forms designed by the IBPGR were completed (AnnexIV). These forms could be enclosed to demanded seed samples.

6.3. Definitive storage

As pointed out before preliminary accession to the gene bank was proceeded by checks in respect of the following aspects:

- Doubles.
- Seed quantity.
- Germination percentage.
- Justification.

After these checks the preliminary accession started actually by sealing the seed samples in tinfoil bags, whereupon the bags were stored at -20° C.

The preliminary accessions were indicated on the central list given in Annex II (column 6).

7. DUPLICATES

As many duplicates as possible were reserved for the NVRS at Wellesbourne. If not enough seed was available only a multiplication

sample was taken. (Annex II, column 7).

8. VERIFICATION

In order to correct possible mistakes a final verification is done by sowing seed samples (2 g) of the preliminary accession in a field trial in 1983. Onion specialists will inspect this material for correspondence between names and varieties.

9. DEFINITIVE ACCESSION

The samples which have standed the verification phase will receive the definitive accession status by an indication on the central list (Annex II, column 8).

10. IVT ALLIUM GENE BANK LISTS

A computer list, per Allium species of the definitive accessions will be composed. These lists will be indicated as the IVT Allium Gene Bank Lists. In these lists essential characters will be indicated, such as: dry matter, disease resistance, day length requirement etc.

The lists will be available on request.

11. RESTRICTED RELEASE OF SEED SAMPLES

Seed samples (in general less than 1 g) will only be released to persons and institutions who have strong arguments for the utilization of the samples and who are willing to present their results to the Gene Bank for incorporation ——in the Gene Bank List. Somewhat larger quantities (10 - 20 g) will be available for variety trials comparing old and current top varieties. (Of some top varieties samples of about 1 kg have been collected).

12. MULTIPLICATION CRITERIA

Multiplication, using at least 50 plants, will be realized as soon the seed quantity is 10 g or less and/or the germination percentage is 40 or less. When the seed quantity is 5 g or less and/or the germination percentage is 30 or less the release of such material is discontinued.

Request to Dutch breeding and selection firms to collaborate in the building up of an international Allium gene collection.

Under the auspices of the International Board for Plant Genetic Resources (IBPGR), during the past years an international gene bank has been set up for cultivated species of the genus Allium (notably leek and onion) and closely related species.

The IBPGR proposes to have the following institutions function as main establishments in Europe:

- The National Vegetable Research Station (NVRS) at Wellesbourne, England
- The IVT at Wageningen

The material obtained will be freely available, with due observance of the rules to be set for this. Exact rules are not yet in force for that matter. We feel that the making of concrete proposals to this end is clearly a task for the IBPGR.

By the European Cooperative Program (ECP) a subsidy has been made available for collection in the Netherlands within the scope of a consulting job. We plan to realise this activity in the last quarter of 1982.

In the first instance we should like to keep half (preferably ca. 50 g) of the collected seed samples in Wageningen and send the other half to Wellesbourne.

With a view to the above we kindly request you to supply, if possible, 100 g of seed of leek and onion varieties and selections available at your Station. Smaller amounts would also be very welcome. In a few weeks we would like to contact you in order to make an appointment for a visit during which we could collect the material made available by you. We hope the procedure in the Netherlands can serve as a model for the next step, i.e. the collection in other European countries. A great many colleagues have already been asked to cooperate. Your cooperation would also be greatly appreciated.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

Results of collection. Annex II Column: Acc.nr. Donor name Cultivar name Germ.% Origin Weight Dupl. to Prel. (Seedfirm) Wellesb. grams acc. A.cepa grams Bejo Krano NLD _1 Hygro C-line Augusta Robusta Balstora Hyduro F1 hybride Hygro F1 hybride AA Hyton F1 hybride Sochaczewska = Wolska strain Pol Danilowskii Stuttgarter "Zefa" CHE Vertus FRA Eterna MI'D Plastro Copra F1 hybride USA Hyper F1 hybride NLD ITA Barletta .94 JPN Senshue, Yellow Imai Early Yellow Rocardo NLD Noro (N.H.Blood Red) Rijnsburger Flat A-line 26 Auxonne FRA JPN. Avanti Gelbe Wiener NLD Stuart = Stuttgarter strain Zwijndrechtse Poot Yellow Ebenezer USA Sluis en Groot Gustado NLD 36 ATI Dorata di Parma Stuttgarter DEU Sturon = Stuttgarter strain NLD America = Early Yellow Globe TISA Texas Early Grano P.R.R. Texas Early Grano

Annex II Results of collection. Column: Acc.nr. Donor name Cultivar name Weight Origin Germ.% Dupl. to Prel. grams acc. Wellesb. Sluis en Groot Wijbo NLD + Jumbo + Karbo Wijdehoud + Zwijndrechtse Pootui Robal = Round red + Barletta ATI White Ebenezer USA + Pompeī ITA + 55 56 Hysol USA + Winter over Pop Vriend Bolstar MLD Vribol + Stuttgarter P.V. DEU + Royal Sluis Lucrato NLD Rivato + Solidor = Wolska strain POL + Stuttgarter NLD DEU Zittauer Oporto NLD Bolero USA + Vertus FRA Nostro NLD + . 11 Primodoro + A.porrum ** Alaska BEL Libertas FRA + Kilima + Bluvetia NLD + Helvetia + Argenta Alberta BEL + Blue green Winter Sluis en Groot NLD Colonna Longina FRA Artaban +

Annex II Results of collection. Column: Acc.nr. Donor name Cultivar name Origin Weight Germ.% Prel. Dupl. to grams Wellesb. acc. Sluis en Groot Verina NLD Otina Herwina Catalina BEL Carina Melwina **U'IN** Excelsion Platina Wintina Badine BGR A.cepa Polish variety x Dutch variety van der Have NLD Rijnsburger strain x Russian var. Rijnsburger strain C-line Vroege Dirkslander Kastika CSK Rijnsburger strain x Russian var. NLD Rijnsburger strain C-line Russian var.x Rijnsburger strain Rijnsburger strain C-line Adina Bastina Juno Spalding GBR Sel.Wabeke NLD Wabeke Sel.de Nijs extra de Nijs Rocky Kees Broersen Ramaran Flintstone A.porrum Siberia NLD Bejo Jolant kort + ** Fidola Geant d'hiver FRA + Geant d'hiver NLD + - 11

Annex II' Results of collection. Column: Acc.nr. Donor name Cultivar name Origin Germ.% Dupl.to Weight Prel. grams acc. Wellesb. A.porrum Autumn Giant Bejo NLD + Medola Bulgaria x Splendid Hepra Jowinda Herdola Leone Jolant Derrick Blizzard A.cepa Mabol MLD Enza A.porrum Albinstar Bleustar Greenstar Snowstar Castelstar Starina Starlet Gebr.v.d.Berg Fnormus Molos Briljant FRA Trivina BEL Rijk Zwaan Goliath Super RZ NLD Winterreus Super RZ Alma RZ Rolan RZ Silva RZ ** Kajak RZ A.cepa Pikeur RZ + Groenendijk en Zn. Selgro + Verbiest Sel. Verbiest +

olumn:	. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
cc.nr.	Donor name	Cultivar name	Origin	Weight grams	Germ.%	Prel.	Dupl.to Wellesb.		
1.cepa			9 -			1	7	·	
147	Hoogzand	Sel. Hoogzand	NLD	47	80	+	45		
148	Jos Huizer	Goudkogel	11	50	77	+	46		
149	1	Goldskin	1 "	48	86	+	45	1	
.porrum	,,	-					1	1	
150	"	Lawine	77	50	97	+	46		
151	"	Corine	11	.53	83	+	48	1	
152	"	Martine	BEL	47	82	+	47	1	
A.cepa				1			1	1	
153	van der Have	Sapporo Yellow Globe	JAP	45	90	+	14		
154	IVT-Nickerson Zwaan	Produsud	NLD	50	84	+	47		
155	IVT-USSR	Skwirsky	SUN	40	91	+	7 '		
159	IVT-Fratelli-Italy	Ramata grossa di Milano	ITA	50	76	+	49	1	
160	IVT-Kobayashi-Japan	Inami cross two-k	JPN	48	82	+	8		
161	"	Inami cross one-k	. "	50	81	+	5	1	
163	IVT-USSR	Strigunovsky	SUN	39	89	+	5		
166	IVT-USSR	Bessonovsky	SUN	43	84	+	5		
167	IVT-Czechoslovakia	"Alice"	CSK	43	81	+	5 '		
168	IVT-DDR -Quedlinburg	Bronzekugel	DDR	43	# 80	+	5 '		
169	IVT-USSR	Zolotoj	SUN	43	88	+	5 '		
170	IVT-Poland	Wolska	POL	43	91	+	1 5 '	1	
171	IVT-USSR	Danilovsky 301 Elite	SUN	43	93	+	5	1	
174	IVT-Egypt	Giza 6 Mohassan	EGY	50	95	+	47		
175	IVT-Israël	Beth Alpha Autumn	ISR .	50	77	+	47	*	
176	IVT-Poland	Wolska	POL	50	80	+	48		
177	IVT-Germany	Birnförmige gelbe	DEU	50	86	+	47		
178	IVT-Germany	Nürnberger Blassrote Plattrunde	11	50	84	+	47 '	1	
179	IVT-Dessert USA	Texas Early Grano	USA	50	85	+	48		
180	IVT- "	New Mexico Yellow Grano	11	40	80	+	7 '		
181	IVT-USSR	Strigunovsky	SUN	40	79	+	8		
184	IVT-Poland	Wolska B	POL	40	79	+	12		
185	IVT-Czechoslovakia	Vsetatska	CSK	40	93	+	6		
186	IVT-de Groot en Slot	Grobol	NTD	45	75	+	10	1	
188	IVT-Poland	Wolska no 2	POL	45	85	+	8	1	
189	IVT-Bulgaria	Skwirsky	BGR	50	80	+	27	1	
190	IVT-v.d.Velde	Selo	NLD	45	88	+	13		

Column:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Acc.nr.	Donor name	Cultivar name	Origin	Weight grams	Germ.%	Prel.	Dupl.to Wellesb.	1	
191	IVT-Gebr.de Jongh	Victoria	NLD	45	76	+	. 12		
192	IVT-NAK-G	Ailsa Craig	GBR	11	88	+	3	•	
193	IVT-NAK-G	Ailsa Craig = Showmaster	Ħ .	10	81	+	3		
194	IVT-NAK-G	James Long Keeping	11	12	73	+	3		
195	IVT-NAK-G	Bedfordshire Champion	11 -	11	83	+	3		
1 96	IVT-NAK-G	Yellow Valencia	ESP	50	76	+	47		
1 97	IVT-NAK-G	Mulhouse Auxone	FRA	44	63	+	5		
198	Nickerson Zwaan	Cepria	NLD	50	76	+	47		
1 99	11	Produbel	11	50	87	+	47		
200	tt .	Sublima	11	50	88	+	47	* .	,
201	, 11	Enormus	17	48	86	+	45		
202	11	Produskin	**	50	92	+	46		
203	11	Robot	11	50	93	+	45		
204	11	Imposa	. 17	49	86	+	45		1
205	11	Compas	17	49	85	+	45		
206	11	Produwin(Zwijndrechtse Pootui)	17	48	99	+	43		
207	11	Quicksilver	ISR	50	84	+	45		
208	11	PompeT	MrD	50 *	76	+	45		
209	11	Barletta	41	48	94	+	45		
210	11	N.H.Bloedrode	11	55	86	+	45		
A.porrum			1						
211	11	Fibos	11	55	7.1	+	48		
212	11	Ficus	11	49	63	+	48	*	
213	11	Piket	11	51	56	+	48		
214	11	Baton	11	49	79	+	49		
215	n n	Lux	11	47	90	+	47		
216	11	Triumphator	11	49	86	+	48		
217	H .	Luwi	16	49	83	+	44		
218	n	Vincent	11	48	93	+	48		
219	11	Wila	. 17	50	85	+	49		
220	11	IJsbeer	***	47	66	+	47		
221	11	d'Elbeuf	**	49	74	+	46		
A.cepa									
222	IVT-Pakistan	No 420-5	PAK	43	66	+	5		
223	IVT-Egypt	Shandaweel No 1	EGY	50	72	+	47		
224	IVT-Sluis en Groot	Wijbo_line	NLD	43	63	+	5		

Column:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
cc.nr.	Donor name	Cultivar name	Origin	Weight grams	Germ.%	Prel.	Dupl.to Wellesb.	
225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 238 239 241 243 244 245 246 247	IVT-Germany IVT-Royal Sluis IVT-Dessert IVT-Yugoslavia IVT IVT-Dessert IVT- " IVT- " IVT-Yates, Australia IVT-Asgrow, Germany IVT IVT-Bulgaria IVT- " IVT- " IVT- " IVT- " IVT- (Sechoslovakia IVT- de Groot en Slot IVT- Wed, P. de Jongh IVT- "	Zittauer grosse gelbe White Lisbon Yellow Ebenezer Ptujski Experimental hybride New Mexico Yellow Texas Early Grano San Joaquin Spearwood late brown Pronto Breeder's material Markowsky Ptujski Iatrus Vsetatska Grobol Dura = Wolska strain Zittauer Enormus Favoriet	DEU NLD USA YUG NLD USA " " AUS USA NLD BGR " " CSK NLD " "	45 50 43 43 50 43 50 43 50 43 50 43 50 8 8 50 8 8 43 50 50 60 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	71 74 72 60 68 74 63 74 60 62 67 61 64 61 72 69 74 66 68	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	5755585755585558795	
249 250 251 252 A.porrum 253 254	IVT IVT IVT-Rumseys, Australia Gebr.Bakker Gebr.Bakker	Experimental hybride Breeder's material Early Lockyer Brown Mulbo Autumn Giant Winter Giant	AUS NLD NLD	45 50 50 50 50	69 61 69 86	+ + + + +	5 48 6 27 39	
A.cepa 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262	Meo-Voto II II II II II II II II	Klabro Mariska Red Wethersfield Brunswijker Comred Beltsville bunching White Lisbon White Ebenezer Aviv Perlina	NLD 11 11 11 11 11	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	99 93 78 73 60 64 80 89 95	+ + + + + + +	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	

Results of collection. Annex II 2 5 Column: 8 Cultivar name Weight Donor name Origin Germ.% Prel. Dupl. to Acc.nr. grams acc. Wellesb. 89 50 263 Barletta 50 Meo-Voto NLD + 87 50 264 Pompeï 50 265 Stuttgarter 11 50 83 50 266 88 50 92 34 Holland Select Duraldo A porrum 27 267 Holland Select Autumn Giant NLD 50 81 268 Winter Giant 50 88 50 A.cepa 269 Wabasto 50 86 49 Cebeco 50 87 270 Meo-Voto Zittauer 50 61 39 271 IVT-Nickerson Zwaan Promotor F1 hybride 5 272 IVT-Poland Sochaczewska = Wolska strain POL 33 74 273 70 555 IVT-Canada Yellow Globe Danvers USA 40 33 89 275 IVT-Yates. Australia Bunching onion Straight leaf AUS 88 276 IVT-Savages Flat White 33 S.A. White Globe ** 35 87 277 IVT-278 IVT-Leningrad, USSR 38 66 Ka.ba. SUN IVT-Royal Sluis 50 279 N.H.Blood red NLD 74 50 A.porrum 78 280 Nunhem Titan Summer NLD 50 50 + Kazan Autumn Giant 88 50 75 281 50 Regius Autumn Giant 50 86 50 282 283 Siegfried Winter Giant 11 50 83 50 Atilla Blue Green Winter 50 91 50 284 285 Kamusch Bulgarian Giant 11 50 89 50 A.cepa Rijk Zwaan 286 Combo RZ 50 86 48 **U'IN**

APPENDIX III (Continued)

PASSPORT

ACCESSION DATA

J.V.T. All.

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

(1.3) DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
 - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
 - 1.5.2 Species Cepa / ampelopeasum spp. portum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month
- 1.7.2 Year 1988
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Garmination, %

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year

NLD/....

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE gram Seeds

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
 - 1 Vegetative
 - 2 Seed
 - 3 Both
 - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
 - 1 Dry bulb onion
 - 2 Shallot
 - 3 Bunching onion
 - 4 Garlic
 - 5 Leek
 - 6 Kurrat
 - 7 Great-headed garlic
 - 8 Chive
 - 9 Rakkyo
 - 10 Chinese chive
 - 11 Other (specify)

2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the nam or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un stitute for Hosticultural Manthrewing (7.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Lose 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month
- 2.3.2 Year 1983
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

APPENDIX III (Continued)

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g., Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
 - 1 Wild
 - 2 Farm land
 - 3 Farm store
 - 4 Backyard
 - 5 Village market
 - 6 Commercial market
 - 7 Institute
 - 8 Other (specify)
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
 - 1 Wild
 - 2 Weedy
 - 3 Breeders line
 - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
 - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
 - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

0 = No

+ = Yes

APPENDIX III (Continued)

2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE
 - l Raw salad
 - 2 Fresh cooking
 - 3 Stored cooking
 - 4 Freezing
 - 5 Pickling
 - 6 Dehydration
 - 7 Other (specify)
- (2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/lote summer/autumn/winter cultivar grown from

Special characters:

further notes:

IBPGR COLLECTION FORM (GENERAL)

		(CENTRALE)
Descriptors in this column MUST be filled in		Descriptors in this column SHOULD be filled in
PENUS:		CULTURAL PRACTICES:
SPECIES:		shifting (circle one) yes no
SUBSPECIES:		irrigated (circle one) yes no
		transplanted (circle one) yes no
COLLECTOR'S NUMBER:		terraced (circle one) yes no
COLLECTING INSTITUTE:		
DATE OF COLLECTION:		SOWING MONTH:
		HARVEST MONTH:
COUNTRY OF COLLECTION:		USAGE (specify):
PROVINCE/STATE:		
LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE		
nearest town/village:		DISEASES AND PESTS (specify):
distance (in Km):		
direction:		
		ASSOCIATED WILD AND WEEDY SPECIES AND CROPS
ATITUDE OF SITE: N S		(specify):
LONGITUDE OF SITE: E W		
ALTITUDE OF SITE: (m)		TOPOGRAPHY (circle one)
COLLECTION SOURCE (circle one)		swamp 1
wild l village market	i	flood plain 2
farmland 2 commercial market	6	plain level 3
farmstore 3 institute	7	undulating 4
backyard 4 other (specify)	8	hilly 5
STATUS OF SAMPLE (circle one)		mountainous 6
wild l primitive cultivar/landrace	4	other (specify) 7
weedy 2 advanced cultivar (bred)	5	SITE (circle one) STONINESS (circle one)
reeder's line 3 other (specify)	6	level 1 none l
LOCAL NAME:		slope 2 low 2
		summit 3 medium 3
NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED:		depression 4 rocky 4
		SOIL TEXTURE (circle one) DRAINAGE (circle one)
PHOTOGRAPH (circle one): yes no		sand 1 poor 1
Photo number:		loam 2 moderate 2
		clay 3 good 3
TYPE OF SAMPLE (circle one)		silt 4 excessive 4
vegetative l seed 2 both	3	highly organic 5
HERBARIUM SAMPLE (circle one): yes no		OTHER OBSERVATIONS:
QUANTITY OF MATERIAL (number of seeds or plant samples):		