#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All. 26

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

- 1.2 DONOR NAME Bejo Noord-Scharwoude Netherlands
  - Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm
- 1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 153308283 S
  - Number assigned to accession by the donor
- OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)
  Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)
  - 1.4.1 Other number 1
  - 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Cepa /ampeloprasum spp. portum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Japanese winter onion / Avanti
  Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material
- 1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 94

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 8/

- 1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 43 gram -12900 Seeds
  - Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection
- 1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection 0

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

## 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER QM 26

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un stitute for Hosticultural Manthreeding (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Con 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 03
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- country of collection or country where cultivar/variety bred //2D/...JPN

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noor d-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Noord-Scharwoude

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 4°- 5°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE \_3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- 2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - l Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to <a href="mailto:cultivar/">cultivar/</a> landrace/weed Avanti

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

$$0 = No$$

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed 3 Both
- (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE
  - l Raw salad
  - \_2 Fresh cooking
    - 3 Stored cooking
    - 4 Freezing
    - 5 Pickling
    - 6 Dehydration
    - 7 Other (specify)

# 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds/sets/transplant.
Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All. 28

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Bejo Noord-Scharwoude Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 79449

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as  $1.4.3 \ \text{etc}$ )

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Cepa / ampeloprasum spp. porrum/
- (1.6) PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Old strain for transpl. / Gelbe Wiener

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 90

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 79

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE ..43 gram . 12900 BREAS

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - -1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

# 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER QM 28

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un elitate for Hosticultural Plantbreeding (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Com 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 03
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED NZD/NZD

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Noord-Scharwoude

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 4°-5°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE \_\_3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Gelbe Wiener

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

$$0 = No$$

(COULTHREE)

### 2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- 1 Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both

# (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- 1 Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

# 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds / sets/transplant.
Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All 29

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Bejo Noord-Scharwoude Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 82289

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - Allium 1.5.1 Genus
  - 1.5.2 Species

cepa /ampeloprasum spp. portum/

PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Stuttgarter strain / Stuart

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

ACQUISITION DATE 1.7

> The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year /982
- DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 81

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 43. gram 12900. Seeds

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

#### COLLECTION DATA 2.

QM 29 2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER

> Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent. Institute for Hosticultural Hantbreeding (J.V.T.)

Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Gone 16 2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 03
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED

NED/NED

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

> Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Noord-Scharwoude

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

52°- 53°N 2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE  $4^{\circ} - 5^{\circ} E$ 

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred) strain
  - 6 Other (specify)
- LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Stuart

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

$$0 = No$$

# 2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

# (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
  - 4 Freezing
  - 5 Pickling
  - 6 Dehydration
  - 7 Other (specify)

## 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/lake Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds/sets/transplants
Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

J.V.T. All. 31

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

- 1.2 DONOR NAME Bejo Noord-Scharwoude Netherlands

  Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm
- 1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 75099

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this

accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Cepa / ampeloprasum spp. porrum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME old Dutch strain for transplants / Zwijndrechtse Poot
  Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material
- 1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 72

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 75

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 43. gram 12900. Beads

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

0

#### 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE

- 1 Vegetative
- Seed
- 3 Both
- 4 Tissue culture

# COMMON NAME

- \_1 Dry bulb onion
- 2 Shallot
- 3 Bunching onion
- 4 Garlic
- 5 Leek
- 6 Kurrat
- 7 Great-headed garlic
- 8 Chive
- 9 Rakkyo
- 10 Chinese chive
- 11 Other (specify)

#### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER QM 31

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Unstitute for Horticultural Hantbrewding (J.V.T.)

Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. box 16 2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 03
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Noord-Scharwoude

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 4°- 5°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE \_3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- 2.11 STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred) strain
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Zwijndrechtse Poot

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

$$0 = No$$

(COULTINGED)

# 2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- Both

# (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
  - 3 Stored cooking 4 Freezing 5 Pickling

  - 6 Dehydration
  - 7 Other (specify)

# OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds/sets/thansplant Special characters.

### ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

J.V.T. All. 33

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot, Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8527

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Ceba / am belopeasum Spp. poreum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME American Stuttgarter / Yellow Ebenezer

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 84

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 80

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE . 50 gram 15000. Seeds

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - 1 Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un etitute for Hosticultural Hantbrewing (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Cone 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- country of collection of country where cultivar/variety bred //2/. USA

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g., Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

- 2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

  Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S
- 2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

  Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W
- 2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE \_\_3

  Elevation above sea level in metres
- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Yellow Ebenezer

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

$$0 = No = 0$$

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE
  - 1 Raw salad
  - 2 Fresh cooking
  - 3 Stored cooking 4 Freezing
  - 5 Pickling
  - 6 Dehydration
  - 7 Other (specify)
- 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early medium late Summer winter cuttiver grown from seeds sets than splant

in USA

Turther notes

Special characters.

cool storage sets

## ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

J.V.T. All. 34

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re—use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME ST

Sluis en Groot

Enkhuizen

Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

(1.3) DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8556

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species

cepa /ampeloprasum spp. portum/

1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Rijnsburger strain / Gustado

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 74

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 79

15000 - Seed'S 1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 50. gram

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion

  - 2 Shallot 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

#### COLLECTION DATA 2.

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 3

> Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.
>
> Unstitute for Hosticultural Plantbreeding (J.V.T.)

Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Lone 16 2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE \_3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Gustado

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

$$0 = No$$

# 2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

# (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

# 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds/sets/transplant.

Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All. 35

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot

Enkhuizen

Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8597

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- 1.5 SCIENTIFIC NAME

1.5.1 Genus Allium

1.5.2 Species

cepa /ampeloprasum spp. portum/

(1.6) PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Italian variety / Dorata di Parma

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

1.7.1 Month 10

1.7.2 Year 1982

DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 85

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

1.8.1 Month

1.8.2 Year 80

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- 4 Tissue culture

# (1.12) COMMON NAME

- 1 Dry bulb onion
- 2 Shallot
- 3 Bunching onion
- 4 Garlic
- 5 Leek
- 6 Kurrat
- 7 Great-headed garlic
- 8 Chive
- 9 Rakkyo
- 10 Chinese chive
- 11 Other (specify)

#### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB A

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un stitute for Hosticultural Handbrewling (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Cone 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- country of collection of country where cultivar/variety bred //2/.ITA

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - l Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Dorata di Parma

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

0 = No

+ = Yes

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

# (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- 1 Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

# 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

Special characters.

Special characters.

Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All. 36

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8607

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Cepa /ampeloprasum spp. porrum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Stuttgarter strain

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 71

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 80

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE .50 gram . 15000 Beads

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - 1 Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - \_\_ Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 5

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Unstitute for Hosticultural Plantbranding (7.7.7.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands 7.0. Com 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- 2.4 COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED // DEU

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

- 2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

  Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S
- 2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

  Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W
- 2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE \_\_3

  Elevation above sea level in metres
- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to <u>cultivar</u>/landrace/weed Stuttgarter

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

$$0 = No$$

## 2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- Both

# (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

# (2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from secols / sets/transplant Special characters.

Further motes cool storage sets

#### ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

J.V.T. All. 37

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot

Enkhuizen

Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

(1.3) DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8609

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME

1.5.1 Genus 2

Allium

1.5.2 Species

cepa /ampeloprasum spp. poreum/

1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME

Stuttgarter strain /

Sturon

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

1.7.1 Month 10

1.7.2 Year 1982

DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 95

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

1.8.1 Month

1.8.2 Year 81

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE . 50 gram . 15000 Seeds

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection O

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - 1 Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
    - 3 Bunching onion
    - 4 Garlic
    - 5 Leek
    - 6 Kurrat
    - 7 Great-headed garlic
    - 8 Chive
    - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

## 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 6

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un stitute for Hosticultural Manthreeding (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Com 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- country of collection or country where cultivar/variety bred //2/. NLD

Use the three letter abbreviations supported by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. Copies of these abbreviations are available from the IBPGR Secretariat and have been published in the FAO/IBPGR Plant Genetic Resources Newsletter number 49.

2.5 PROVINCE/STATE Noord-Holland

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°- 6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE -3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- 2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - l Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- (2.12) LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Sturon

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

0 = No

+ = Yes

# 2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

# (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking 3 Stored cooking
  - 4 Freezing
  - 5 Pickling
  - 6 Dehydration 7 Other (specify)
- OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early / medium / late Summer / winter cultivar grown from seeds / sets/transplant Special characters.

Thick flat Stuttgarter

turther notes

Breeders right 1974

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All 38

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8621

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - Allium 1.5,1 Genus
  - Cepa /ampeloprasum spp. portum/ 1.5.2 Species
- PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Early Yellow Globe / America

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
  - 1.7.2 Year /982
- DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 83

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 81 1.8.2 Year

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 50. gram ... 15000 Sands

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

0

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - 1 Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 7

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un stitute for Hosticultural Manthemating (7.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Cone 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- 2.4 COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED // USA

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE -3

Elevation above sea level in metres

2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE

- 1 Wild
- 2 Farm land
- 3 Farm store
- 4 Backyard
- 5 Village market
- 6 Commercial market
- 7 Institute
- 8 Other (specify) breeder

## (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE

- 1 Wild
- 2 Weedy
- 3 Breeders line
- 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
- 5 Advanced cultivar (bred) Synt. race of Am. hybrid (fertile)
  6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to <u>cultivar</u>/landrace/weed "America"

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No$$

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

## (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- 1 Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

# (2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds/sets/mansplants
Special characters.

Synthetic race of American hybrids (fertile)

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All 39

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8626

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species cepa / ampeloprasum spp. poreum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Grano / Texas Early Grano P.R.R.

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- .8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 67

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 76

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE .. 50 gram .. 15000 Beads

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection 0

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - \_1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 8

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

\*\*Continue for Monticultural Randbreading\*\* (7.7.7.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Nesheelands P.O. Com 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- 2.4) COUNTRY OF COLLECTION BY COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED // USA

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

tor trobic \* sub-trib

t 18. states of America

Jasa-sinhir

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g., Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52° - 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°- 6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE -3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Texas Early Grano

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No$$

(COULTINGED

#### 2.15 TYPE OF SAMPLE

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

## (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

## 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

very early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds / sets/transplant.

Special characters.

for tropic + sub-tropic

Southern, states of America middle-East

#### ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

JVT All 40

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re—use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

- 1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands
  - Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm
- 1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8627

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Cepa / am peloprasum spp. poreum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Grano / Texas Early Grano
  Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material
- 1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
  - 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 77

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 81

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 50 gram ....15000 Beads

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection 0

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - 1 Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 9

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un stitute for Hosticultural Hantbeading (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Come 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED NZD/..USA

> Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

> Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

> > t b B. states of America

52°- 53°N 2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE -3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - l Wild
  - 2 Weedv

  - 3 Breeders line
    4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Texas Early Grano

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No$$

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE
  - l Raw salad
  - 2 Fresh cooking
  - 3 Stored cooking
  - 4 Freezing
  - 5 Pickling
  - 6 Dehydration
  - 7 Other (specify)

## 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

Very early / medium / late Summer / winter cultivar grown from seeds / sets / transplant
Special characters.

for tropic and sub-tropic

Southernstates of America

middle East

#### ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

JVT All. 42

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot

Enkhuizen

Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8639

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Ceba / am peloprasum spp. poreum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Rijnsburger strain / Wijbo

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 69

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 78

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 50 gram 15000. Seeds

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- (1.12) COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

#### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 11

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un stitute for Hosticultural Handbreeding (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Nesherlands P.O. Cox 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- country of collection of country where cultivar/variety bred // NLD

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g., Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE -3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Wijbo

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No \quad 0$$

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

## (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

### OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds / sets/transplant Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

J.V.T. All. 43

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8640

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species as lambeloprasum spp. porrum
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Rijnsburger strain / Jumbo

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- (1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 68

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 80

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 5.0. gram 15000. Seeds

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection 0

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - 1 Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- 1.12 COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 2 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 12

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Unclicitate for Hosticultural Plantbreeding (J.V.T.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands 2.0. Con 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- country of collection of country where cultivar/variety bred //2/...NLD

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

- 2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52° 53° N

  Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S
- 2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

  Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W
- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- 2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed "Jumbo"

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No$$

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

# 2.16 PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- 1 Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

### 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early medium late Summer winter cultivar grown from seeds sets than splant.

Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

J.V.T. All. 44

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8641

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as  $1.4.3 \, \text{etc}$ )

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species Cepa / am peloprasum spp. porrum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Rijnsburger strain / Karbo

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982

(1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 50

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 80

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 5Q. gram 15000. Beads

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- 4 Tissue culture

### 1.12 COMMON NAME

- 1 Dry bulb onion
- 2 Shallot
- 3 Bunching onion
- 4 Garlic
- 5 Leek
- 6 Kurrat
- 7 Great-headed garlic
- 8 Chive
- 9 Rakkyo
- 10 Chinese chive
- 11 Other (specify)

#### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 13

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un elitely for Hosticultural Manthemating (7.7.7.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Con 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- country of collection or country where cultivar/variety bred //2/, NLD

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g., Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE -3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - l Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Karbo

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No$$

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE
  - 1 Raw salad
  - X 2 Fresh cooking
  - × 3 Stored cooking 4 Freezing
    - 5 Pickling
    - 6 Dehydration
    - 7 Other (specify)
- 2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early medium late Summer/winter cultivar grown from secols sets/mansplant.
Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All 46

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8655

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- 1.5 SCIENTIFIC NAME
  - 1.5.1 Genus Allium
  - 1.5.2 Species cepa / am peloprasum spp. poreum/
- 1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME N.H. Straw Yellow / Wijdehoud

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

- 1.7.1 Month 10
- 1.7.2 Year 1982
- 1.8 DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 66

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

- 1.8.1 Month
- 1.8.2 Year 79

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 50. gram 15000 Seeds

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- 4 Tissue culture

## (1.12) COMMON NAME

- 1 Dry bulb onion
- 2 Shallot
- 3 Bunching onion
- 4 Garlic
- 5 Leek
- 6 Kurrat
- 7 Great-headed garlic
- 8 Chive
- 9 Rakkyo
- 10 Chinese chive
- 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 15

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un elital for Hosticultural Rankbacking (7.7.7.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Con 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED // NLD

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52 - 53 N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5 - 6 E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
    - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Wijdehoud

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

Was a photograph taken of the accession or environment at collection?

 $0 = No \quad 0$ 

+ = Yes

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

## (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

## (2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds / sets/transplants
Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

J.V.T. All. 47

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot

Enkhuizen

Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8703

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME

1.5.1 Genus Allium

1.5.2 Species

cepa /ompeloprasum spp. portum/

1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Dutch winter onion / Zwijndrechtse Poot

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

1.7.1 Month 10

1.7.2 Year 1982

DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 80

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

1.8.1 Month

1.8.2 Year 81

.15000 Beads 1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 50 gram

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - 2 Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion
  - 7 Shallot
  - 3 Bunching onion 4 Garlic

  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

#### 2. COLLECTION DATA

JB 16 2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER

> Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.
>
> Un stitute for Hosticultural Plantbreeding (J.V.T.)

Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. Com 16 2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION OR COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°-6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE

Elevation above sea level in metres

2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE

- 1 Wild
- 2 Farm land
- 3 Farm store
- 4 Backyard
- 5 Village market
- 6 Commercial market
- 7 Institute
- 8 Other (specify) breeder

## (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE

- 1 Wild
- 2 Weedy
- 3 Breeders line
- 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
- 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
- 6 Other (specify)

## 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Zwijndrechtse Poot

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No \quad 0$$

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE
  - l Raw salad
  - 2 Fresh cooking
  - 3 Stored cooking
  - 4 Freezing
  - 5 Pickling
  - 6 Dehydration
  - 7 Other (specify)
- (2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early medium late Summer winter cultivar grown from seeds sets than splant.

Special characters.

#### ACCESSION DATA

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

J.V.T. All. 49

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot

Enkhuizen

Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

(1.3) DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8767

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME

1.5.1 Genus Allium

1.5.2 Species Cepa / ampelopeasum spp. poreum/

1.6 PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME Round red / Robal

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

1.7.1 Month 10

1.7.2 Year 1982

DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 53

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

1.8.1 Month

1.8.2 Year 81

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE 50 gram 15000 Brads

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

- 1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE
  - l Vegetative
  - Seed
  - 3 Both
  - 4 Tissue culture
- COMMON NAME
  - 1 Dry bulb onion

  - 2 Shallot3 Bunching onion
  - 4 Garlic
  - 5 Leek
  - 6 Kurrat
  - 7 Great-headed garlic
  - 8 Chive
  - 9 Rakkyo
  - 10 Chinese chive
  - 11 Other (specify)

#### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 18

> Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.
>
> Unstitute for Hosticultural Hantbrewding (J.V.T.)

Wageningen - Netherlands P.O. box 16 2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- NLD/..NLD COUNTRY OF COLLECTION 52 COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), e.g. 1030S

2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5°- 6°E

Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W

2.9 ALTITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE -3

Elevation above sea level in metres

- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land
  - 3 Farm store
  - 4 Backyard
  - 5 Village market
  - 6 Commercial market
  - 7 Institute
  - 8 Other (specify) breeder
- 2.11 STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Robal

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No 0$$

<sup>+ =</sup> Yes

- l Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both

## (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE

- l Raw salad
- 2 Fresh cooking
- 3 Stored cooking
- 4 Freezing
- 5 Pickling
- 6 Dehydration
- 7 Other (specify)

### (2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early/medium/late Summer/winter cultivar grown from seeds / sets/mansplants
Special characters.

developed from a cross: N.H. Flat blood red x Rijnsburger strain (Wijb

#### ACCESSION DATA

JVT All 50

1.1 ACCESSION NUMBER

This number serves as a unique identifier for accessions and is assigned by the curator when an accession is entered into his collection. Once assigned this number should never be reassigned to another accession in the collection. Even if an accession is lost, its assigned number is still not available for re-use. Letters should occur before the number to identify the genebank or national system (e.g. MG indicates an accession comes from the genebank at Bari, Italy. P.I. indicates an accession within the USA system.)

1.2 DONOR NAME Sluis en Groot Enkhuizen Netherlands

Name of institution or individual responsible for donating the germplasm

1.3 DONOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 8807

Number assigned to accession by the donor

OTHER NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCESSION (other numbers can be added as 1.4.3 etc)

Any other identification number known to exist in other collections for this accession, e.g. USDA Plant Introduction number (not collection number, see 2.1)

- 1.4.1 Other number 1
- 1.4.2 Other number 2
- (1.5) SCIENTIFIC NAME

1.5.1 Genus Allium

1.5.2 Species Cepa / ampeloprasum spp. poreum/

(1.6) PEDIGREE/CULTIVAR NAME White onion from Italy / Barletta

Nomenclature and designations assigned to breeder's material

1.7 ACQUISITION DATE

The month and year in which the accession entered the collection, expressed numerically, e.g. June = 06, 1981 = 81

1.7.1 Month 10

1.7.2 Year 1982

1.8) DATE OF LAST REGENERATION OR MULTIPLICATION

Germination, % 62

The month and year expressed numerically, e.g. October = 10, 1978 = 78

1.8.1 Month

1.8.2 Year 79

1.9 ACCESSION SIZE .5.0 gram .15000 Beads

Approximate number of seeds or plants of accession in collection

1.10 NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESSION REGENERATED

Number of regenerations or multiplications since original collection

1.11 TYPE OF MAINTENANCE

- 1 Vegetative
- 2 Seed
- 3 Both
- 4 Tissue culture

## (1.12) COMMON NAME

- 1 Dry bulb onion
- 2 Shallot
- 3 Bunching onion
- 4 Garlic
- 5 Leek
- 6 Kurrat
- 7 Great-headed garlic
- 8 Chive
- 9 Rakkyo
- 10 Chinese chive
- 11 Other (specify)

### 2. COLLECTION DATA

2.1 COLLECTOR'S NUMBER JB 19

Original number assigned by collector of the sample normally composed of the name or initials of the collector(s) followed by a number. This item is essential for identifying duplicates held in different collections and should always accompany sub-samples wherever they are sent.

Un think for Hosticultural Manthemating (7.7.7.)

2.2 COLLECTING INSTITUTE Wageningen - Netherlands 7.0. Con 16

Institute or person collecting/sponsoring the original sample

2.3 DATE OF COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL SAMPLE

Expressed numerically, e.g. March = 03, 1980 = 80

- 2.3.1 Month 10
- 2.3.2 Year 1982
- COUNTRY OF COLLECTION SE COUNTRY WHERE CULTIVAR/VARIETY BRED NED/ ITA

Name of the administrative subdivision of the country in which the sample was collected

2.6 LOCATION OF COLLECTION SITE Enkhuizen

Number of kilometres and direction from nearest town, village or map grid reference (e.g. Timbuktu 7S means 7km south of Timbuktu)

- 2.7 LATITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 52°- 53°N

  Degrees and minutes followed by N (north) or S (south), -e.g. 1030S
- 2.8 LONGITUDE OF COLLECTION SITE 5 6 E

  Degrees and minutes followed by E (east) or W (west), e.g. 7625W
- 2.10 COLLECTION SOURCE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Farm land

THE PARTY OF LAW

- 3 Farm store
- 4 Backyard
- 5 Village market
- 6 Commercial market
- 7 Institute
- 8 Other (specify) breeder
- (2.11) STATUS OF SAMPLE
  - 1 Wild
  - 2 Weedy
  - 3 Breeders line
  - 4 Primitive cultivar (landrace)
  - 5 Advanced cultivar (bred)
  - 6 Other (specify)
- 2.12 LOCAL/VERNACULAR NAME

Name given by farmer to cultivar/landrace/weed Barletta

2.13 NUMBER OF PLANTS SAMPLED

Approximate number of plants collected in the field to produce this accession

2.14 PHOTOGRAPH

$$0 = No$$

- 1 Vegetative 2 Seed 3 Both
- (2.16) PRIMARY CROP USAGE
  - 1 Raw salad 2 Fresh cooking IT
  - 3 Stored cooking
  - 4 Freezing
  - 5 Pickling NLD
  - 6 Dehydration
  - 7 Other (specify)
- (2.17) OTHER NOTES FROM COLLECTOR

Collectors will record ecological information. For cultivated crops, cultivation practices such as irrigation, season of sowing, etc. will be recorded

early medium late Summer winter outliver grown from seeds sets than splants
Special characters.

In Holland: white onion special for eanning